

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Weedmaster® Herbicide

EPA Reg. No.: 71368-34
Product Type: Herbicide
Company Name: Nufarm Inc.

11901 S. Austin Avenue

Alsip, IL 60803 1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Not Hazardous

### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

Serious eye damage Category 1
Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

# **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Hazardous to aquatic environment, acute

Category 2

Hazardous to aquatic environment, chronic

Category 2

# SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

# **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

Causes serious eye damage. Harmful swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.







### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. Avoid release to the environment.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Collect spillage. Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTCAS NO.% BY WEIGHTDimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid2008-39-134.6 – 36.8Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-anisic Acid)2300-66-511.8 – 13Other IngredientsTrade SecretTrade Secret

Synonyms: DMA salts of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid and Dicamba

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**If in Eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get immediate medical attention.

**If Swallowed:** Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

**Most Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:** Causes severe eye irritation. Corrosive to eyes. May cause slight skin irritation.

# Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment if needed:

Seek immediate medical attention for eye exposure. Causes severe, irreversible eye damage.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

**Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions):** May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides, and carbon oxides.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions:** Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

**Methods for Containment:** Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

**Methods for Clean-Up and Disposal:** Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

**Other Information:** Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling:

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately, if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Storage:

Do not store below 32° F or above 100° F. Store in original container in a well-ventilated area separately from fertilizer, feed, and foodstuffs. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

# **Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or Viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

**Eye/Face Protection:** To avoid contact with eyes, wear goggles. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

**Skin Protection:** To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves. Mixers and loaders must wear a chemical-resistant apron when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate. Washing facilities should be readily accessible to the work area.

**Respiratory Protection:** Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

**General Hygiene Considerations:** Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) Do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored.

2) Wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

# **Exposure Guidelines:**

Component	OSHA		ACGIH		
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit
DMA Salt of 2,4-D	10*	NE	10* (inhalable, skin)	NE	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DMA Salt of Dicamba	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Other Ingredients	NE	NE	NE	NE	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on adopted limit for 2,4-D

NE = Not Established

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:Clear amber liquidOdor:Slight ammoniaOdor threshold:No data available

pH: 8.50 (1% w/w dilution in DIW)

Melting point/freezing point:No data availableInitial boiling point and boiling rangeNo data available

Flash point: Not applicable due to aqueous formulation

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

**Relative density:** 1.165 g/ml @ 25.2° C; 1.155 g/ml @ 40.5 ° C

Solubility(ies):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

Autoignition temperature:

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

**Viscosity:** 9.507 cPs @ 25.2° C; 5.792 cPs @ 40.5 ° C

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Note:** Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride,

nitrogen oxides, and carbon oxides.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Likely Routes of Exposure:** Eye contact, Skin contact. **Eye Contact:** Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage...

Skin Contact: This product is considered a minimal skin irritant and is not a dermal sensitizer.

**Ingestion:** This product may be harmful if swallowed based on toxicity studies. **Inhalation:** This product is practically non-toxic based on toxicity studies. **Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure:** None reported.

### **Toxicological Data:**

Data from laboratory studies conducted on this product are summarized below:

**Oral:** Rat LD<sub>50</sub>: 1,256 mg/kg

**Dermal:** Rabbit LD<sub>50</sub>: >5,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation:** Rat 4-hr LC<sub>50</sub>: >2.07 mg/L (no mortalities at highest dose tested)

Eye Irritation: Rabbit: Severely irritating

**Skin Irritation:** Rabbit: Slightly irritating (PDII= 1.4) **Skin Sensitization:** Guinea Pig: Not a contact sensitizer

**Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects:** Repeated overexposure to phenoxy herbicides may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods. Repeated overexposure to dicamba may cause liver changes or a decrease in body weight.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists exposure to chlorophenoxy herbicides as a Class 2B carcinogen, the category for limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. However, more current 2,4-D lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice did not show carcinogenic potential. Dicamba did not cause cancer in long-term animals studies. The U.S. EPA has given 2,4-D and dicamba a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

**Reproductive Toxicity:** No impairment of reproductive function attributable to 2,4-D have been noted in laboratory animal studies. Dicamba did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals.

**Developmental Toxicity:** Studies in laboratory animals with 2,4-D have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated developmental effects.

**Genotoxicity:** There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that 2,4-D is not mutagenic. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated mutagenic effects.

# **Assessment of Carcinogenicity:**

This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

	Regula	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen				
Component	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA		
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides (2,4-D)	No	2B	No	No		
Dicamba	No	No	No	No		
Other Ingredients	No	No	No	No		

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity:**

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Classification is based on the parent acid (2,4-D Acid).

Data on 2,4-D, Dimethylamine Salt:

96-hour  $LC_{50}$  Bluegill: 524 mg/l Bobwhite Quail Oral  $LD_{50}$ : 500 mg/kg 96-hour  $LC_{50}$  Rainbow Trout: 250 mg/l Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary  $LC_{50}$ : >5,620 ppm

48-hour EC<sub>50</sub> Daphnia: 184 mg/l

Data on Dicamba Dimethylamine Salt:

96-hour  $LC_{50}$  Bluegill: 100 mg/l Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary  $LC_{50}>4,640$  ppm 96-hour  $LC_{50}$  Rainbow Trout: 100 mg/l Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary  $LC_{50}>4,640$  ppm

48-hour EC<sub>50</sub> Daphnia: 160 mg/l

### **Environmental Fate:**

In laboratory and field studies, 2,4-D DMA salt rapidly dissociated to parent acid in the environment. The typical half-life of the resultant 2,4-D acid ranged from a few days to a few weeks. Dicamba poorly binds to soil particles, is potentially mobile in the soil and highly soluble in water. Aerobic soil metabolism is the main degradative process for dicamba with a typical half-life of 2 weeks. Degradation is slower when low soil moisture limits microbe populations. In water, microbial degradation is the main route of dicamba dissipation. Aquatic hydrolysis, volatilization, adsorption to sediments, and bioconcentration are not expected to be significant.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Waste Disposal Method:**

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Wastes resulting from this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

### **Container Handling and Disposal:**

**Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less**: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

**Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or reconditioning not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

**Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this MSDS.

### DOT

# ≤ 28 gallons per complete package

Non Regulated

### > 28 but ≤ 925 gallons per complete package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2,4-D salt), 9, III, RQ

# >925 gallons per complete package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2,4-D salt), 9, III, RQ

#### **IMDG**

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (DMA Salt of 2,4-D), 9, III, Marine Pollutant

#### IATA

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (DMA Salt of 2,4-D), 9, III

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **EPA FIFRA INFORMATION**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

## **U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

### SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

# Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):

Acute Health

#### Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Dimethylamine Dicamba (CAS No. 2300-66-5) 11.8 - 13.0 % by weight in product

# Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

None specified

#### **RCRA Waste Code:**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

#### **State Information:**

Check individual state requirements.

# California Proposition 65: Not listed

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

# Weedmaster® Herbicide

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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